

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

Claims 1 and 2 (Canceled).

3. (Currently amended) A method of performing channel estimation, the method comprising:

receiving a time domain signal sequence r and a midamble sequence m ;

multiplying, element-to-element, the sequences m and r by a chirp waveform, the chirp waveform being based on the length of a fast Fourier transform (FFT) and denoting the resulting sequences as m_w and r_w respectively, ~~where m is a midamble sequence~~; and

creating a chirp sequence v based on the chirp waveform,

wherein the chirp waveform is $W^{2/n}$ for $n=0,1,2,\dots,P-1$ where $P = 456$ for burst types 1/3 or $P = 192$ for burst type 2, and $W = e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{P}}$ and wherein the chirp sequence $v = W^{-(n-P+1)^2/4}$ for $n = 0,1,2,\dots,2P-2$.

Claims 4 - 7 (Canceled).

8. (Currently amended) A receiver for performing channel estimation, the receiver configured to:

receive a time domain signal r and a midamble sequence m , multiply, element-to-element, the sequences m and r by a chirp waveform, the chirp waveform being based on the length of a fast Fourier transform (FFT) and denoting the resulting sequences as m_w and r_w respectively, ~~where m is a midamble sequence;~~ and

create a chirp sequence v based on the chirp waveform,

wherein the chirp waveform is $W^{1/2}$ for $n=0,1,2,\dots,P-1$ where $P = 456$ for burst types 1/3 or $P = 192$ for burst type 2, and $W = e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{P}}$ and wherein the chirp sequence $v = W^{-(n-P+1)^2/2}$ for $n=0,1,2,\dots,2P-2$.

Claims 9 -12 (Canceled).

13. (Currently amended) A wireless transmit/receive unit (WTRU) for performing channel estimation, the WTRU configured to:

receive a time domain signal r and a midamble sequence m , multiply, element-to-element, the sequences m and r by a chirp waveform, the chirp waveform being based on the length of a fast Fourier transform (FFT) and denote the resulting sequences as m_w and r_w respectively, ~~where m is a midamble sequence;~~ and

create a chirp sequence v based on the chirp waveform,

wherein the chirp waveform is $W^{1/2}$ for $n=0,1,2,\dots,P-1$ where $P = 456$ for burst types 1/3 or $P = 192$ for burst type 2, and $W = e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{P}}$ and wherein the chirp sequence $v = W^{-(n-P+1)^2/2}$ for $n=0,1,2,\dots,2P-2$.

Claims 14-17 (Canceled).

18. (Currently amended) A base station (BS) for performing channel estimation, the BS configured to:

receive a time domain signal r and a midamble sequence m , multiply, element-to-element, the sequences m and r by a chirp waveform, the chirp waveform being based on the length of a fast Fourier transform (FFT) and denote the resulting sequences as m_w and r_w respectively, ~~where m is a midamble sequence;~~ and

create a chirp sequence v based on the chirp waveform,

wherein the chirp waveform is $W^{n^2/2}$ for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, P-1$ where $P = 456$ for burst types 1/3 or $P = 192$ for burst type 2, and $W = e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{P}}$ and wherein the chirp sequence $v = W^{-(n-P+1)^2/2}$ for $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 2P-2$.

Claims 19-33 (Canceled).